1. What does an empty dictionary's code look like?

The empty dictionary code is {} ‘two curly brackets enclosed without any characters’

1. What is the value of a dictionary value with the key 'foo' and the value 42?

dict = {‘foo’ : 42}

1. What is the most significant distinction between a dictionary and a list?

The items stored in a dictionary are unordered, while the items in a list are ordered

1. What happens if you try to access spam['foo'] if spam is {'bar': 100}?

It gets a get a KeyError error.

5. If a dictionary is stored in spam, what is the difference between the expressions 'cat' in spam and 'cat' in spam.keys()?

There is no difference. The **in** operator checks whether a value exists as a key in the dictionary.

6. If a dictionary is stored in spam, what is the difference between the expressions 'cat' in spam and 'cat' in spam.values()?

'cat' in spam checks whether there is a 'cat' key in the dictionary, while 'cat' in spam.values() checks whether there is a value 'cat' for one of the keys in spam.

7. What is a shortcut for the following code?

if 'color' not in spam:

spam['color'] = 'black'

spam.setdefault('color', 'black')

spam

Out[6]:

{'food': 'veggan', 'color': 'black'}

8. How do you "pretty print" dictionary values using which module and function?

**Prettyprint is the** process of converting and presenting source code or other objects in a legible and attractive way. A prettyprinter takes blocks of code and prints them in an aesthetically pleasing fashion, presenting the characters with line breaks and indentations to make the code comprehensible.

pprint.pprint()